

Birds of the Solway

Throughout the seasons, the Solway Coast AONB is alive with the sight and sound of wetland birds. Thousands of oystercatchers, grey plovers, curlews, dunlins and other shorebirds spread out over this vast area to feed. As the tide rises, the birds fly onto the higher marshes to roost and are easily viewed from the roadside lay-bys at the RSPB's Campfield Marsh Reserve. During the winter months the wading birds are joined by large numbers of ducks along with pinkfooted and barnacle geese. From North Plain Farm, a nature trail leads you through the different habitats of the RSPB reserve.



During the summer months, wading birds such as lapwings, redshanks and snipe nest on the wetter fields, while the hedgerows come alive with the songs of warblers, finches and buntings. Numbers increase in the autumn and winter as birds on migration, such as greenshank, ruff and huge flocks of wigeon and teal stop to feed.

Following the route

Each route is highlighted on its own Ordnance Survey map (1:50,000 scale = $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches to 1 mile / 2 cm to 1 km). Where the route uses part of Hadrian's Cycleway, you should be able to follow the distinctive blue signs (number 72 with a Roman helmet) but otherwise you'll need to use the map and numbered route directions, especially in urban areas. The 'Key to map' explains the symbols on the map and the abbreviations in the route descriptions. The general rule is to keep to the road you're on unless otherwise directed. Please note that all distances are approximate.

Key to route instructions

R	Righ
L	Left

Straight ahead/across

X roads Crossroads

NCN72 National Cycle Network

route number

Metres Kilometers

© Crown copyright 2007. All rights reserved Licence Number 0100031673

Tourist Information Centres

Silloth

Solway Coast Discovery Centre Liddell Street, Silloth CA7 4DD

tel: 016973 31944

Carlisle

Old Town Hall, Green Market Carlisle CA3 8JA

tel: 01228 625600

Marvport

Maryport Town Hall, Senhouse Street, Maryport CA15 6BH tel: 01900 702840

Cycle shops

Abbevtown

Abbey Cycles, 1 Main Street CA7 4WR

tel: 016973 61231

Carlisle

Palace Cycles 122-124 Botchergate CA1 1SH

tel: 01228 523 142

Scotby Cycles

1 Church Street, Caldewgate CA2 5TL

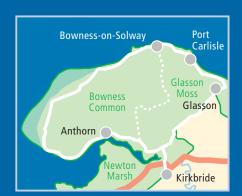
tel: 01228 546 931

Cockermouth

4 Play Cycles

25-31 Market Street CA13 9LS

tel: 01900 823377





The Solway Coast AONB Management Unit

Liddell Sreet, Silloth-on-Solway Cumbria CA7 4DD

Telephone: 016973 33055 www.solwaycoastaonb.org.uk

Cycling around the Solway Coast Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Cardurnock Peninsula



A 16 mile (25km) cycle ride from Kirkbride



Cycling from Kirkbride 1 Turn R out of the Bush Inn car park and Cross the River Wampool and 3 About half a mile (0.5km) after Port **Route basics** Port Carlisle pedal around the peninsula follow the road out of the village and Carlisle there's a road off to the R (holiday Originally known as Fishers Cross, coastline on Hadrian's Cycleway over the River Wampool. Turn L at the park entrance). Bear R along to the end **Start** The Bush Inn (over bridge from the Port Carlisle was developed in 1819 next T-ict and follow the blue Hadrian's if you'd like to have a good look inside with plenty to see on the way. main village road) to handle goods for the city using In amongst the transmitter masts Cycleway signs around the peninsula to the Glasson Moss Nature Reserve (cycle Distance 16 miles (25 km) via Glasson a canal link built in 1823. You can beyond Anthorn (now broad-Bowness-on-Solway. Look out for the stands and a boardwalk to follow). see some remains by the shore. casting the 'time signal') is entrance to the RSPB reserve at North **Grade** Easy – but be prepared for a head-4 Turn R to go through Glasson village. Plain Farm (there's a nature trail to follow evidence of a former wartime wind for the first part of the ride. All on road Hadrian's Wall airfield, then comes the RSPB on foot). **5** Turn L at the T jct, then R and L to cross except for the Rogersceugh viewpoint off-Bowness-on-Solway was built on Campfield Marsh Nature Reserve the River Wampool again to return to road option the site of the Wall's most 2 Turn R in the village by the pub for the - a mosaic of salt marsh, peat Kirkbride. Rogersceugh viewpoint off-road option, westerly fort. Its' church and Refreshment Pub (not food) and shop in bogs, farmland and wet grassland, otherwise continue SA following Hadrian's some houses were built with Kirkbride, shop in Anthorn, and pubs in that's full of wildlife. At Bownessstones taken from it. There's a Cycleway. Bowness-on-Solway, Port Carlisle and Glasson on-Solway, the western end of map showing the fort's layout what was Hadrian's Wall, there's Public Transport The seasonal Hadrian's 2 Bowness-on-Sot on the wall of the Kings Arms. Rogersceugh viewpoint off-road the option to take a partly off-Wall Bus AD 122 service from Carlisle carries road route to get to the bikes and stops on the route near Glasson. At just under 2 miles (3.2km) along the Rogersceugh viewpoint (see or start cycling from the Drumburgh stop. road from Bowness-on-Solway, look for opposite). Continuing east from See back of wallet for more details Bowness brings you to Port Carlisle the Glasson Moss National Nature and the Glasson Moss National Reserve entrance sign. Turn R opposite Nature Reserve. A pair of along a grassy, then stony track (rough in binoculars will come in handy as places) with several gates to negotiate. Cross the line of the dismantled railway will some money for a stop at one of the pubs you'll pass. and bear R to reach the old farm buildings ahead. Follow the route provided to the covered picnic and information area and enjoy the panoramic views. Head down the track to rejoin the road, and turn L 'Haafnetting' for salmon and sea trout and then R to return to Kirkbride. has been practiced on the Solway since Viking times. Glasson Moss (Nature Reserve) **Bowness Common and** Glasson Moss National 1km (0.6mile) **Nature Reserves** These reserves help protect the lowland peat bogs (or raised mires) that cover much of the Cardurnock Peninsula and are some of the UK's rarest wildlife habitats. They began forming 8,000 years ago after the last Moss Ice Age, and although drainage and cutting have reduced the area of raised mire, where it survives it's still growing, thanks to a plant called Sphagnum Moss and high rainfall. Over hundreds of years the remains of waterloving mosses and other plants form mounds of peat that act like a sponge and encourage more moss to grow.